Code No. : 214

## VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING(Autonomous), HYDERABAD M.C.A. II Year I-Semester(Main) Examinations, January - 2016

## **Design and Analysis of Algorithms**

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: Answer ALL questions in Part-A and any FIVE questions from Part-B

## Part-A $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Define the space complexity of an algorithm.
- 2. Define the terms min heap and max heap.
- 3. Write the Average time complexity of quick sort.
- 4. Define spanning tree.
- 5. Explain Dynamic programming technique.
- 6. Differentiate BFS and DFS.
- 7. Alustrate Hamiltonian Cycle with example.
- 8. Find chromatic number of a K4 graph.
- 9. Define NP-hard problem.
- 10. Explain the Node cover decision problem.

## Part-B $(5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks})$

11. a) Show that the following are correct. i) $10n^2+4n+2=O(n^2)$ ii) $3n+3=O(n)$	[5]
b) Explain dictionaries with examples.	[5]
<ul><li>12. a) Describe the merge sort algorithm using divide and conquer method.</li><li>b) Describe the Prims algorithm for Minimum cost spanning tree with example.</li></ul>	[5] [5]
<ul> <li>13. a) Using algorithm OBST, compute W(i,j), R(i,j) and C(i,j) for the identifier (a1,a2,a3,a4) = (do, if, int, while). with p(1:4) = (3,3,1,1) and q(0:4) = (2,3,1,1,1) u R(i,j) and construct the optimal binary search tree.</li> </ul>	
b) Formulate a Reliability Design problem.	[3]
<ul><li>14. a) Explain backtracking using 4 queens problem.</li><li>b) Discuss the General method of Branch and Bound.</li></ul>	[5] [5]
<ul><li>15. a) Explain NP completeness theory.</li><li>b) Write a Non deterministic algorithm to solve satisfiability problem and analyz complexity.</li></ul>	[5] the its [5]
<ul><li>16. a) Derive the time complexity of quick sort in average case.</li><li>b) Write an algorithm for optimal storage on tapes.</li></ul>	[5] [5]
<ul> <li>17. Write short notes on any <i>two</i> of the following:</li> <li>a) Algorithm for All pairs shortest path using dynamic programming technique.</li> <li>b) TSP using branch and bound technique.</li> <li>c) Reducibility</li> </ul>	[5] [5] [5]

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